

Compact Diode

Laser Modules

Leading Technology in Semiconductor Lasers

The FBH is a center of competence for compound semiconductors comprising the full value chain – from device design to epitaxy, process and mounting technology. As a one-stop agency, the institute offers complete solutions and know-how starting with the key components, the laser chips, through to sophisticated ready-to-ship modules. FBH's hybrid diode lasers are compact, highly brilliant light sources which are preferred for use in materials processing, measurement technology, medical diagnostics and treatment, sensor and quantum sensor technology, display technology, and entertainment systems. High-power diode lasers with outstanding brightness, efficiency, and reliability are the main objectives of FBH's optoelectronic research. The institute achieves cutting-edge results through continuously improving technology and by innovation in design. For example, hybrid integrated devices, such as master oscillator power amplifiers, allow the combination of narrow spectral linewidth, nearly diffraction limited beam quality, and high optical output power.

Products & Services

The FBH conducts research on diode lasers targeting the highest possible brightness as well as maximum conversion efficiency. Building on this technology, the institute develops tailor-made diode lasers and laser modules according to the highly specific requirements of its customers in research and industry. In addition, photonic integrated circuits for a wide range of applications are being developed and investigated using a variety of material platforms. The FBH has long-term experience of commercial delivery and collaboration on development projects with industrial partners and uses an integrated management system (based on ISO 9001, 14001, and 45001).

Hybrid Diode Laser Sources for the Most Demanding Applications

The FBH offers a wide variety of cutting-edge modules making full use of its unique know-how in diode laser technology. Developments include CW and high-power short-pulse (ps...ns range) laser sources that combine FBH laser technology with FBH customized electronic circuitry, using GaN transistors to realize compact and efficient short-pulse high-current drivers and switches.

High-power and high-brightness laser modules based on laser diodes emitting in the wavelength range $620-1180\,\mathrm{nm}$ are realized using optimized beam combining methods in one module. These include Dense Wavelength Division Multiplexing" (DWDM), polarization coupling, and "Coherent Beam Combining" (CBC). Such laser modules can be used as powerful and efficient pump sources for solid-state lasers and frequency conversion.

for display technology and entertainment

• **RG(Y)B sources** up to 1W with M² < 3 at 460 nm, 488 nm, 532 nm, 561 nm, 590 nm (frequency conversion) 638 nm, 660 nm (direct application)

for medical applications

- yellow lasers with up to 2 W CW at 561 nm or 574 nm using frequency conversion (via nonlinear crystals) for ophtalmology
- ps lasers with watt-level output power at 561 nm and 589 nm for STED and time-resolved fluorescence measurements

for laser metrology and space applications

 high-power modules for pump applications in space 808 nm for pumping Nd:YAG lasers for atmospheric sensing applications

- laser modules for coherent optical communications < 100 kHz linewidth, up to 1 W optical power at 1064 nm
- narrow and ultra-narrow linewidth laser modules for laser metrology at 767 nm, 780 nm, 1064 nm, up to 1 W, MHz to kHz linewidth (10 µs, free running), frequency noise PSD as small as 10 Hz²/Hz for f > 10 kHz

for sensing applications

- background-free visible laser sources with blue, green, and yellow emission up to 100 mW available by combining FBH's DFB and DBR diode lasers with second harmonic generation (SHG), enabling wavelength-stabilized narrow linewidth emission with side-mode suppression ratio > 60 dB. These compact light sources are ideally suited for integration into handheld sensors for Raman and fluorescence spectroscopic applications
- single-chip dual-wavelength diode lasers for Shifted Excitation Raman Difference Spectroscopy (SERDS) with optical powers up to 200 mW, alternating wavelength operation with a spectral spacing of 10 cm⁻¹, devices demonstrated and applied at 671 nm and 785 nm. These diode lasers are implemented into miniaturized handheld probes for in situ Raman and SERDS applications

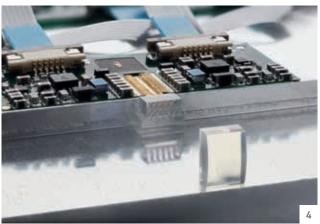
for LiDAR, THz generation, and materials processing

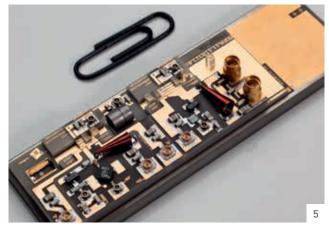
- pulse laser source up to 200 W from single emitter with 2–10 ns pulses for LiDAR applications
- nanosecond pulse sources for LiDAR applications
 2-10 ns pulse widths single emitter diode lasers with up to 200W for point scanners and laser bars with up to 48 emitters with up to >2 kW for line scanners
- 830 nm mode-locked tapered diode lasers for THz timedomain spectroscopy (THz-TDS) with compressible 3 ps pulse width and 40 W peak power at 6 GHz repetition rate
- 780 nm mode-locked tapered diode lasers for 2-photon polymerization (2PP) in 3D micro-structuring processes with compressible 8 ps pulse width and 40 W peak power at 7 GHz repetition rate
- 780 nm high-power laser modules for efficient additive manufacturing with 1 kW CW optical output power in a 1 mm spot
- Q-switched diode lasers for pulse widths around 100 ps with high repetition rate multi-section DBR laser diodes and modules, peak power up to 50 W with repetition rates up to 10 MHz













- 1 High-precision mounting integration of optical and electrooptical components into a space-compatible, Doppler-free spectroscopy module
- 2 Handheld probe with implemented dual-wavelength diode laser for mobile Raman and SERDS spectroscopy
- 3 Compact diode laser module for biophotonics and medicine
- 4 High current ns laser driver with integrated ridgewaveguide laser diode for LiDAR applications
- **5** Space-compatible micro-integrated MOPA for high-precision spectroscopy
- 6 Custom direct diode laser module for use in additive manufacturing

Technology

AllnGaAsP-based layer structures for highly sophisticated optoelectronic devices are grown on 2", 3", and 4" wafers in multiwafer MOVPE reactors. Single and multiple GaInP, GaAsP, and InGaAs quantum wells are grown as active regions for use in semiconductor lasers at wavelengths between 620 nm and 1180 nm.

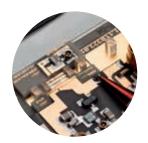
The FBH runs a highly flexible and industry-compatible process line for compound semiconductor devices on 2", 3", and 4" wafers. It includes an i-line wafer stepper, as well as holographic and e-beam exposure for submicron structures.

High-performance automated die bonding and assembly tools are used for mounting laser chips on submounts and for assembly of laser modules. Micro-optic components are fixed in place using an adhesive technology which is qualified for space applications and enables stable attachment with sub-micron precision.

The performance of these high-brightness, high-power, narrow linewidth laser diodes is comprehensively characterized in FBH's test laboratories by using state-of-theart measurement technology.









translating ideas into innovation

The Ferdinand-Braun-Institut, Leibniz-Institut für Höchstfrequenztechnik (FBH) is an application-oriented research institute in the fields of high-frequency electronics, photonics, and quantum physics. It researches and realizes electronic and optical components, modules, and systems based on compound semiconductors. These devices are key enablers that address the needs of today's society in fields like communications, energy, health, and mobility.

Specifically, FBH develops light sources from the infrared to the ultra-violet spectral range: highpower diode lasers with excellent beam quality, UV light sources, and hybrid laser modules. Applications range from medical technology, high-precision metrology, and sensors to optical communications in space and integrated quantum technology. In the field of microwaves, FBH develops high-efficiency multi-functional power amplifiers and millimeter wave frontends targeting energy-efficient mobile communications, industrial sensing, and imaging as well as car safety systems. In addition, the institute fabricates laser drivers and compact atmospheric microwave plasma sources operating with energy-

efficient low-voltage drivers for use in a variety of applications.

The FBH is a center of competence for III-V compound semiconductors covering the full range of capabilities, from design through fabrication to device characterization. Within Research Fab Microelectronics Germany (Forschungsfabrik Mikroelektronik Deutschland – FMD), FBH joins forces with 12 other German research institutes, thus offering the complete micro and nanoelectronics value chain as a one-stop shop.

In close cooperation and strategic partnerships with industry, FBH's research results lead to cutting-edge products. The institute also successfully turns innovative product ideas into spin-off companies. With its Prototype Engineering Lab, the institute strengthens its cooperation with customers in industry by turning excellent research results into market-oriented products, processes, and services. The institute thereby offers its international customer base complete solutions and know-how-from design to ready-to-use modules and prototypes.

contact

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